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REC'D 07 JAN 2005

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Dated

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The Patent Office

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	ils form. You can also get Patent Office to help you fill in

RRS/8640

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Patent application number (The Patent Office will fill this part in)

0326820.8

118 NOV 2003

Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

Keith Froggatt Birchwoodmoor House, Roston, Ashbourne, Derbyshire, DE6 2EH.

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

1069202002 157

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

Title of the invention

Calorifier

Name of your agent (if you bave one)

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

Swindell & Pearson

48 Friar Gate Derby **DE1 1GY**

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

00001578001

Priority: Complete this section if you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, filed in the last 12 months. Country

Priority application number (if you know it)

Date of filing (day / montb / year)

7. Divisionals, etc: Complete this section only if this application is a divisional application or resulted from an entitlement dispute (see note f) Number of earlier UK application

Date of filing (day / montb / year)

8. Is a Patents Form 7/77 (Statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent) required in support of this request? Answer YES if:

NO

- a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or
- b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or
- any named applicant is a corporate body. Otherwise answer NO (See note d)

Patents Form 1/77

Patents For 1/77

 Accompanying documents: A patent application must include a description of the invention.
 Not counting duplicates, please enter the number of pages of each item accompanying this form:

Continuation sheets of this form

Description

5

Claim(s)

Abstract

Drawing(s)

1 + (5

10. If you are also filing any of the following, state how many against each item.

Priority documents

Translations of priority documents

Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)

Request for a preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)

Request for a substantive examination
(Patents Form 10/77)

Any other documents (please specify)

11. I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Swindell & Pearson

te 17/11/2003

12. Name, daytime telephone number and e-mail address, if any, of person to contact in the United Kingdom

Mr. R.R. Sales (01332) 367051

Warning

Signature(s)

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Notes

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- b) Write your answers in capital letters using black ink or you may type them.
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- d) If you have answered YES in part 8, a Patents Form 7/77 will need to be filed.
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Calorifier

This invention concerns improvements in or relating to calorifiers, and also a method of preventing build up of bacteria in a calorifier.

Calorifiers are used to heat water, and may be provided in domestic, institutional or commercial situations. A calorifier may include an electric heater, or for instance a boiler where hot fluid is passed through pipework extending through a water tank or similar. Problems can be encountered in calorifiers where water stands for a significant time. Bacteria and especially legionella may grow and multiply in such water as it stagnates, and particularly if the water has been warmed.

According to the present invention there is provided a calorifier, the calorifier including a receptacle for water to be heated, and one or more decontaminating members restrainably located within the receptacle and freely movable therein, the or each decontaminating member having a surface of an antibacterial material.

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The calorifier is preferably arranged such that the decontaminating member or members will generally locate in a lowermost part or parts of the receptacle.

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The antibacterial material may comprise silver or a silver compound.

The decontaminating member or members may have a coating of antibacterial material. The decontaminating member or members may be any of spherical, oval, cuboidal, or be in the form of lengths of strip. The decontaminating member or members may have a contoured surface, which may include projections which may be in the form of spikes.

The decontaminating member or members may be formed from material in the form of a mesh, which may be formed into a required shape.

The decontaminating member or members may be made of any of copper, steel, plastics material or silver.

The decontaminating member or members may be solid or hollow. One or more passages may be provided through the decontaminating member or members, with the surfaces of the passages being formed by an antibacterial material.

A drain is preferably provided towards the lower part of the receptacle, with filter means to prevent the decontaminating member or members from passing through the drain. The filter means may have an outer surface of anti bacterial material.

At least the part of the drain which extends into the receptacle may have an outer surface of anti bacterial material.

A coating of anti bacterial material may be provided on the inner surface of a lower part of the receptacle.

The invention also provides a method of preventing build up of bacteria in a calorifier, the method including locating one or more decontaminating members in the calorifier, with the or each decontaminating member having an outer surface of an anti bacterial material.

The decontaminating member may be according to any of the preceding eleven paragraphs.

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Means may be provided for retaining the decontaminating member or members within the calorifier.

An embodiment of the present invention will now be described by way of example only with reference to the accompanying drawing, which is a diagrammatic cross sectional view through a calorifier according to the invention.

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The drawings show a calorifer 10 including a receptacle in the form of a tank 12. A heating element 14 is provided to heat water within the tank 12. It is to be realised that other heating means for the water could be used, such as a boiler supplying heated fluid to pass through a coil or other structure of pipework in the tank 12.

An outlet 16 for heated water is provided towards at the top of the tank 12. An inlet 18 is provided towards the lower part of the tank 12 and is connected to a cold water feed (not shown). A drain 20 is provided in a still lower part of the tank 12. The drain 20 includes a pipe 22 which is threadably mounted on the tank 12, and at least the part of the pipe 22 which extends into the tank 12 may be provided with an anti bacterial coating of, for instance silver. A filter 24 is provided over the inner end of the pipe 22, and the filter 24 is also made of an anti bacterial material such as silver.

A plurality of decontaminating members in the form of silver coated, generally spherical members 26 are provided in the tank 12 so as to be freely movable therein. The decontaminating members 26 have a plurality of passages extending therethrough which also have a lining of decontaminating material. A coating of decontaminating material could also be provided on the inner surface of a lower part of the tank 12, as shown by the broken line 28.

In use, the decontaminating members 26 will locate by gravity towards the lowest part of the tank 12, thereby remaining in contact with water in the tank, even if this is at a very low level. The filter 24 prevents the

decontaminating members 26 passing there through, even during emptying or flushing of the tank 12.

There is thus provided a relatively straightforward arrangement and method for preventing build up of bacteria in calorifiers. For existing tanks, the arrangement could readily be retro fitted, with the decontaminating members 26 located in a conventional tank, and an appropriate filter being provided over the drain.

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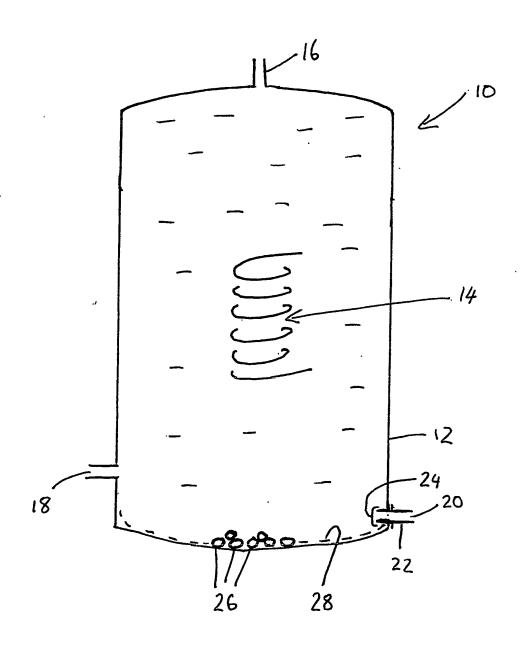
The feature of the surfaces of the passages through the decontaminating members being provided by antibacterial material, means that even if the decontaminating members become abraded and perhaps lose part of their antibacterial coating, the coating within the passages will remain.

Many other modifications or combinations of the above features may be provided. For instance a different anti bacterial material may be used. The decontaminating members may take a number of different shapes. As well as being spherical or oval, they could be cuboidal or could include lengths of strip. The surface of the decontaminating members may be contoured, and could include projections which may be in the form of spikes.

The decontaminating members may be made of mesh, which may be silver coated, and may be shaped as required into a particular shape such as a sphere or oval. The decontaminating members may have a coating of antibacterial material and could be formed from copper, steel or plastics material. Alternatively, it may be possible to use solid antibacterial material. The decontaminating members may be solid or hollow.

Whilst endeavouring in the foregoing specification to draw attention to those features of the invention believed to be of particular importance it should be understood that the Applicant claims protection in respect of any patentable feature or combination of features hereinbefore referred to and/or

5 shown in the drawings whether or not particular emphasis has been placed thereon.



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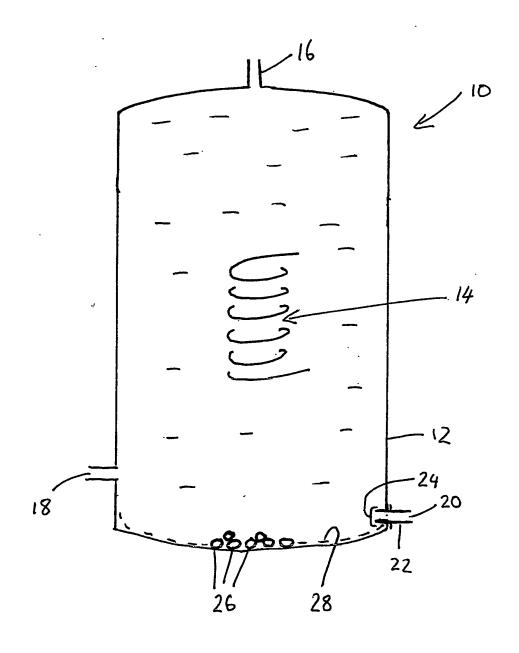
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